DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

LOW INCOME HOME ENERGY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (LIHEAP) DETAILED MODEL PLAN

MANDATORY GRANT APPLICATION SF-424 PUBLIC LAW 97-35, AS AMENDED FISCAL YEAR (FY) 2016

APPLICANT:	T: Department of Energy and Environment		
EIN: <u>1-5360</u>	01131		
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TYPE OF APPLI	CANT: TRIBE STATEX INSULAR AREA		
CDFA TITLE: Lo	w Income Home Energy Assistance		
FUNDING PERIOD: 10/1/2015 – 9/30/2016			
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Administration for Children and Families Office of Community Services			
Juice of Community Services			

Washington, DC 20447

August 1987, revised 05/92, 02/95, 03/96, 12/98, 11/01 OMB Approval No. 0970-0075 Expiration Date: 06/30/2017

THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT OF 1995 (Pub. L. 104-13)

Use of this model plan is optional. However, the information requested is required in order to receive a Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) grant in years in which the grantee is not permitted to file an abbreviated plan. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and reviewing the collection of information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

THE LOW-INCOME HOME ENERGY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

FY 2016 PROPOSED STATE PLAN

ASSURANCES

The Department of Energy and Environment agrees to: (Grantee Name)

(1) use the funds available under this title to:--

(A) conduct outreach activities and provide assistance to low income households in meeting their home energy costs, particularly those with the lowest incomes that pay a high proportion of household income for home energy, consistent with paragraph (5);

(B) intervene in energy crisis situations;

(C) provide low-cost residential weatherization and other cost-effective energy-related home repair; and

(D) plan, develop, and administer the State's program under this title including leveraging programs,

and the State agrees not to use such funds for any purposes other than those specified in this title;

(2) make payments under this title only with respect to:--

(A) households in which one or more individuals are receiving--

(i) assistance under the State program funded under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act;

(ii) supplemental security income payments under title XVI of the Social Security Act;

(iii) food stamps under the Food Stamp Act of 1977; or

(iv) payments under section 415, 521, 541, or 542 of title 38, United States Code, or under section 306 of the Veterans' and Survivors' Pension Improvement Act of 1978; or

(B) households with incomes which do not exceed the greater of—

(i) an amount equal to 150 percent of the poverty level for such State; or

(ii) an amount equal to 60 percent of the State median income;

except that a State may not exclude a household from eligibility in a fiscal year solely on the basis of household income if such income is less than 110 percent of the poverty level for such State, but the State may give priority to those households with the highest home energy costs or needs in relation to household income.

(3) conduct outreach activities designed to assure that eligible households, especially households with elderly individuals or disabled individuals, or both, and households with high home energy burdens, are made aware of the assistance available under this title, and any similar energy-related assistance available under subtitle B of title VI (relating to community services block grant program) or under any other provision of law which carries out programs which were administered under the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 before the date of the enactment of this Act;

(4) coordinate its activities under this title with similar and related programs administered by the Federal Government and such State, particularly low-income energy-related programs under subtitle B of title VI (relating to community services block grant program), under the supplemental security income program, under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act, under title XX of the Social Security Act, under the low-income weatherization assistance program under title IV of the Energy Conservation and Production Act, or under any other provision of law which carries out programs which were administered under the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 before the date of the enactment of this Act;

(5) provide, in a timely manner, that the highest level of assistance will be furnished to those households which have the lowest incomes and the highest energy costs or needs in relation to income, taking into account family size, except that the State may not differentiate in implementing this section between the households described in clauses 2(A) and 2(B) of this subsection;

(6) to the extent it is necessary to designate local administrative agencies in order to carry out the purposes of this title, to give special consideration, in the designation of such agencies, to any local public or private nonprofit agency which was receiving Federal funds under any low-income energy assistance program or weatherization program under the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 or any other provision of law on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act, except that—

(A) the State shall, before giving such special consideration, determine that the agency involved meets program and fiscal requirements established by the State; and

(B) if there is no such agency because of any change in the assistance furnished to programs for economically disadvantaged persons, then the State shall give special consideration in the designation of local administrative agencies to any successor agency which is operated in substantially the same manner as the predecessor agency which did receive funds for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the determination is made;

(7) if the State chooses to pay home energy suppliers directly, establish procedures to --

(A) notify each participating household of the amount of assistance paid on its behalf;

(B) assure that the home energy supplier will charge the eligible household, in the normal billing process, the difference between the actual cost of the home energy and the amount of the payment made by the State under this title;
(C) assure that the home energy supplier will provide assurances that any agreement entered into with a home energy supplier under this paragraph will contain provisions to assure that no household receiving assistance under this title will be treated adversely because of such assistance under applicable provisions of State law or public regulatory requirements; and

(D) ensure that the provision of vendor payments remains at the option of the State in consultation with local grantees and may be contingent on unregulated vendors taking appropriate measures to alleviate the energy burdens of eligible households, including providing for agreements between suppliers and individuals eligible for benefits under this Act that seek to reduce home energy costs, minimize the risks of home energy crisis, and encourage regular payments by individuals receiving financial assistance for home energy costs;

(8) provide assurances that,

(A) the State will not exclude households described in clause (2)(B) of this subsection from receiving home energy assistance benefits under clause (2), and

(B) the State will treat owners and renters equitably under the program assisted under this title;

(9) provide that--

(A) the State may use for planning and administering the use of funds under this title an amount not to exceed 10 percent of the funds payable to such State under this title for a fiscal year; and

(B) the State will pay from non-Federal sources the remaining costs of planning and administering the program assisted under this title and will not use Federal funds for such remaining cost (except for the costs of the activities described in paragraph (16));

(10) provide that such fiscal control and fund accounting procedures will be established as may be necessary to assure the proper disbursal of and accounting for Federal funds paid to the State under this title, including procedures for monitoring the assistance provided under this title, and provide that the State will comply with the provisions of chapter 75 of title 31, United States Code (commonly known as the "Single Audit Act");

(11) permit and cooperate with Federal investigations undertaken in accordance with section 2608;

(12) provide for timely and meaningful public participation in the development of the plan described in subsection (c);

(13) provide an opportunity for a fair administrative hearing to individuals whose claims for assistance under the plan described in subsection (c) are denied or are not acted upon with reasonable promptness; and

(14) cooperate with the Secretary with respect to data collecting and reporting under section 2610.

(15) * beginning in fiscal year 1992, provide, in addition to such services as may be offered by State Departments of Public Welfare at the local level, outreach and intake functions for crisis situations and heating and cooling assistance that is administered by additional State and local governmental entities or community-based organizations (such as community action agencies, area agencies on aging and not-for-profit neighborhood-based organizations), and in States where such organizations do not administer functions as of September 30, 1991, preference in awarding grants or contracts for intake services shall be provided to those agencies that administer the low-income weatherization or energy crisis intervention programs.

* This assurance is applicable only to States, and to territories whose annual regular LIHEAP allotments exceed \$200,000. Neither territories with annual allotments of \$200,000 or less nor Indian tribes/tribal organizations are subject to Assurance 15.

(16) use up to 5 percent of such funds, at its option, to provide services that encourage and enable households to reduce their home energy needs and thereby the need for energy assistance, including needs assessments, counseling, and assistance with energy vendors, and report to the Secretary concerning the impact of such activities on the number of households served, the level of direct benefits provided to those households, and the number of households that remain unserved.

By signing this application, I certify (1) to the statements contained in the list of certifications** and (2) that the statements herein are true, complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge. I also provide the required assurances** and agree to comply with any resulting terms if I accept an award. I am aware that any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statements or claims may subject me to criminal, civil, or administrative penalties.

Signature of the Tribal or Board Chairperson or Chief Executive Officer of the State or Territory.**

Signature: _____

Title: Director, Department of Energy and Environment

Date: _____

* Indian tribes/tribal organizations, and territories with annual regular LIHEAP allotments of \$200,000 or less, are not subject to assurance 15, and thus must only certify to 15 assurances.

** If a person other than the <u>Chief Executive Officer</u> of the State or territory, or Tribal Chairperson or Board Chairperson of a tribal organization, is signing the certification to the assurances, <u>a letter must be submitted delegating such authority</u>. (PLEASE ATTACH DELEGATION of AUTHORITY.) The delegation must include authority to sign the assurances, not just to administer the program.

*** HHS needs the EIN (Entity Identification Number) of the State, territory or Tribal agency that is to receive the grant funds before it can issue the grant.

In the above assurances which are quoted from the law, "State" means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, an Indian Tribe or Tribal Organization, or a Territory; "title" of the Act refers to Title XXVI of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 (OBRA), as amended, the "Low Income Home Energy Assistance Act"; "section" means Section 2605 of OBRA; and, "subsection" refers to Section 2605(b) of OBRA.

Section 1 - Program Components, 2605(a), 2605(b)(1) - Assurance 1, 2605(c)(1)(C)

1.1 Check which components you will operate under the LIHEAP program. (Note: You must provide information for each component designated here as requested elsewhere in this plan.)

Dates of Operation

\boxtimes	Heating assistance	Start date: 10/01/15	End date: 09/30/16
\boxtimes	Cooling assistance	Start date: 10/01/15	End date: 09/30/16
\boxtimes	Crisis assistance	Start date: 10/01/15	End date: 09/30/16
\boxtimes	Weatherization assistance	Start date: 10/01/15	End date: 09/30/16

Provide further explanation for the dates of operation if necessary.

Estimated Funding Allocation, 2604(c), 2605(k)(1), 2605(b)(9), 2605(b)(16) – Assurances 9 and 16

- **1.2** Estimate what amount of available LIHEAP funds will be used for each component that you will operate: The total of all percentages must add up to 100%.
 - 45 % Heating assistance
- <u>15</u> % Cooling assistance
- 10 % Crisis assistance
- 15 % Weatherization assistance
- 0 % Carryover to the following Federal fiscal year
- 10 % Administrative and planning costs
 - 5 % Services to reduce home energy needs including needs assessment (Assurance 16)
 - 0 % Used to develop and implement leveraging activities
- 100 % TOTAL

Alternate Use of Crisis Assistance Funds, 2605(c)(1)(C)

1.3 The funds reserved for winter crisis assistance that have not been expended by March 15 will be reprogrammed to:

- Heating assistance
 - Weatherization assistance
- Cooling assistance
- Other (specify): _____

Categorical Eligibility, 2605(b)(2)(A) – Assurance 2, 2605(c)(1)(A), 2605(b)(8A) – Assurance 8

1.4 Do you consider households categorically eligible if one household member receives one of the following categories of benefits in the left column below? Xes | No

	Heating	Cooling	Crisis	Weatherization
SNAP	х	х	х	х
TANF	х	х	х	х
SSI	х	х	х	х
Means-tested veteran's program				
Other (Specify):				

1.5 Do you automatically enroll households without a direct annual application?

No -- If yes, explain: | Yes

1.6 How do you ensure there is no difference in the treatment of categorically eligible households from those not receiving other public assistance when determining eligibility and benefit amounts?

A household where one member of the household receives a SNAP, TANF or SSI benefit is categorically eligible for LIHEAP assistance. For the purposes of calculating the amount of the LIHEAP benefit, categorically eligible applicants must submit required LIHEAP application documentation to DOEE. DOEE staff calculates the LIHEAP benefit amount for a categorically eligible household according to the District of Columbia's LIHEAP Benefit Matrix.

SNAP Nominal Payments

- 1.7 a. Do you allocate LIHEAP funds toward a nominal payment for SNAP clients?
 - 🗌 Yes 🛛 No

If you answered "Yes" to question 1.7a, you must provide a response to questions 1.7b, 1.7c, and 1.7d.

b. Amount of Minimal Assistance: \$

c. Frequency of Assistance:

Once per year

Once every five years	
Other (describe):	

d. How do you confirm that the household receiving a nominal payment has an energy cost or need?

Determination of Eligibility – Countable Income

1.8 In determining a household's income eligibility for LIHEAP, do you use gross income or net income?

🛛 Gross Income*

Net Income

*for the self-employed this is adjusted gross income, calculated according to U.S. Internal Revenue Service (IRS) requirements

1.9 Select all of the applicable forms of countable income used to determine a household's income eligibility for LIHEAP.

- 🛛 Wages
- Self-employment income
- Contract income
- Payments from mortgage or sales contracts
- Unemployment Insurance
- Strike pay
- Social Security Administration (SSA) benefits
- Including MediCare deduction Excluding MediCare deduction
- Supplemental Security Income (SSI)
- Retirement / pension benefits
- General Assistance benefits
- Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) benefits
- Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits
- Women, Infants, and Children Supplemental Nutrition Program (WIC) benefits
- Loans that need to be repaid
- Cash gifts
- Savings account balance
- One-time lump-sum payments, such as rebates/credits, winnings from lotteries, refund deposits, etc.
- Jury duty compensation
- Rental income
- Income from employment through Workforce Investment Act (WIA)
- Income from work study programs
- Alimony
- imes Child support
- Interest, dividends, or royalties
- Commissions
- Legal settlements
- Insurance payments made directly to the insured
- Insurance payments made specifically for the repayment of a bill, debt, or estimate
- Veterans Administration (VA) benefits
 - Earned income of a child under the age of 18

Balance of retirement, pension, or annuity accounts where funds cannot be
withdrawn without a penalty.

Income tax refunds

Stipends from senior companion programs, such as VISTA

- Funds received by household for the care of a foster child
- Ameri-Corp Program payments for living allowances, earnings, and in-kind aid
- Reimbursements (for mileage, gas, lodging, meals, etc.)
- Other

If any of the above questions require further explanation or clarification that could not be made in the fields provided, attach a document with said explanation here.

DOEE counts as available income a credit balance maintained by the applicant on their energy service account.

Section 2 - HEATING ASSISTANCE

Eligi	bility, 2605(b)(2) – Assurance 2		
2.1	Designate the income eligibility threshold used for the he	ating co	mponent:
	2015 HHS poverty income level%		
	OR		
	State's median income <u>60%</u>		
2.2	Do you have additional eligibility requirements for HEATI	NG <u>ASSI</u>	<u>STANCE</u> ?
	🗌 Yes 🖾 No		
2.3	Check the appropriate boxes below and describe the polic	cies for o	each.
		Yes	<u>No</u>
	• Do you require an assets test?		\boxtimes
	• Do you have additional/differing eligibility policies for:		
	Renters?Renters living in subsidized housing?Renters with utilities included in the rent?		
	 Do you give priority in eligibility to: 		
	 Elderly? Disabled? Young children? Households with high energy burdens? Other? 		

Explanations of policies for each "yes" checked above: Applicants that are residents of subsidized housing or residents of a dwelling unit where utilities are included in the rent must provide proof in the form of a utility bill that they are directly responsible for paying their own heating costs.

Determination of Benefits, 2605(b)(5) – Assurance 5, 2605(c)(1)(B)

2.4 Describe how you prioritize the provision of heating assistance to vulnerable households, e.g., benefit amounts, application period, etc.

LIHEAP is a non-entitlement benefit, determined and awarded for a single fiscal year. LIHEAP benefit amounts are determined using the District of Columbia's LIHEAP Benefit Matrix which calculates a household's LIHEAP benefit based on household income, household size, type of dwelling (single or multifamily), and fuel type. Benefit amounts are adjusted annually based on a sliding scale in order to allocate scarce resources in such a way that, while serving as many households as feasible, the highest benefits go to households likely to have the highest energy burdens. (See Attachment 2, "District of Columbia LIHEAP Benefit Matrix").

2.5 Check the variables you use to determine your benefit levels. (Check all that apply):

- 🔀 Income
- Family (household) size
- Home energy cost or need:
 - 🔀 Fuel type
 - Climate/region

 - Dwelling type
 - Energy burden (% of income spent on home energy)
 - Energy need
 - Other Describe:

Benefit Levels, 2605(b)(5) – Assurance 5, 2605(c)(1)(B)

2.6 Describe estimated benefit levels for FY 2016:

\$ 250 Minimum benefit \$ 1500 Maximum benefit

These are total figures for ALL LIHEAP regular assistance for the fiscal year, heating and cooling.

2.7 Do you provide in-kind (e.g., blankets, space heaters) and/or other forms of benefits?

Yes No -- If yes, describe:

Subject to available funding, electric space heaters and blankets are provided to households that have been disconnected from energy service or the home heating oil supply is at 5% or less of capacity.

Section	3	- CO(DLING	ASSIS	ΓΑΝϹΕ
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Eligib	ility, 2605(c)(1)(A), 2605(b)(2) – Assurance 2		
3.1	Designate the income eligibility threshold used for	the cooling	component:
	2015 HHS poverty income level%		
	OR		
	State's median income <u>60%</u>		
3.2	Do you have additional eligibility requirements for	COOLING A	<u>SSISTANCE</u>
	Yes No		
3.3	Check the appropriate boxes below and describe the	he policies fo	or each.
		<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>
	Do you require an assets test?		\bowtie
	• Do you have additional/differing eligibility polic	ies for:	
	Renters?		\square
	 Renters living in subsidized housing? Renters with utilities included in the rent? 	\boxtimes	
	Do you give priority in eligibility to:		
	 Elderly? Disabled? Young children? Households with high energy burdens? Other? 		$\boxtimes \boxtimes \boxtimes \boxtimes$

Explanation of policies for each "yes" checked above: Applicants that are residents of subsidized housing or residents of a dwelling unit where utilities are included in the rent must provide proof in the form of a utility bill that they are directly responsible for paying their own heating costs.

3.4 Describe how you prioritize the provision of cooling assistance to vulnerable households, e.g., benefit amounts, early application periods, etc.

LIHEAP is a non-entitlement benefit, determined and awarded for a single fiscal year. LIHEAP benefit amounts are determined using the District of Columbia's LIHEAP Benefit Matrix which calculates a household's LIHEAP benefit based on household income, household size, type of dwelling (single or multifamily), and fuel type. Benefit amounts are adjusted annually based on a sliding scale in order to allocate scarce resources in such a way that, while serving as many households as feasible, the highest benefits go to households likely to have the highest energy burdens. (See Attachment 2, "District of Columbia LIHEAP Benefit Matrix").

Determination of Benefits, 2605(b)(5) – Assurance 5, 2605(c)(1)(B)

3.5 Check the variables you use to determine your benefit levels. (Check all that apply):

 \times Income Family (household) size Home energy cost or need 🛛 Fuel type Climate/region Individual bill \times Dwelling type Energy burden (% of income spent on home energy) Energy need Other (describe)

Benefit Levels, 2605(b)(5) – Assurance 5, 2605(c)(1)(B)

- 3.6 Describe estimated benefit levels for FY 2016:
 - \$ 250 Minimum benefit \$ 1500 Maximum benefit

These are total figures for ALL LIHEAP regular assistance for the fiscal year, heating and cooling.

3.7 Do you provide in-kind (e.g. fans, air conditioners) and/or other forms of benefits?

Yes No -- If yes, describe.

Subject to available funding, box fans are provided to households with inoperable air conditioning, when a member of the household is over the age of 55, or when a member of the household is under the age of five (5).

Section 4 - CRISIS ASSISTANCE

Eligibility - 2604(c), 2605(c)(1)(A)

4.1 Designate the income eligibility threshold used for the crisis component:

2015 HHS poverty income level _____%

OR

State's median income 60%

4.2 Provide your LIHEAP program's definition for determining a crisis.

A household is considered to be in crisis if the household has been disconnected from energy service or the household heating oil is at 5% or less of capacity.

4.3 What constitutes a life-threatening crisis?

A household is considered to be in a life-threatening crisis if the household depends on energy service for medical life support equipment and one of the following applies: (a) the household has been disconnected from energy service; (b) the household heating oil is at 5% or less of capacity; or (c) the household has received notice that a disconnection will occur within 48 hours or less. To qualify for crisis assistance, applicants must provide certification from a licensed physician that a member of the household relies on energy service for emergency medical and life-support equipment.

Crisis Requirements, 2604(c)

4.4 Within how many hours do you provide crisis assistance that will resolve the energy crisis for eligible households?

48 Hours

4.5 Within how many hours do you provide crisis assistance that will resolve the energy crisis for eligible households in life-threatening situations?

18 Hours

Crisis Eligibility, 2605(c)(1)(A)

4.6 Do you have additional eligibility requirements for <u>CRISIS ASSISTANCE</u>?

⊠Yes	🗌 No
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4.7 Check the appropriate boxes below and describe the policies for each.

	Yes	<u>INC</u>
Do you require an assets test?		\ge
Do you give priority in eligibility to:		
Elderly?Disabled?		\boxtimes

 Young children? Households with high energy burdens? Other? 		\propto
In order to receive crisis assistance:		
Must the household have received a		
shut-off notice or have a near empty		
tank?Must the household have been shut		\bowtie
off or have an empty tank?	\square	
 Must the household have exhausted 		
their regular heating benefit?	\square	
 Must renters with heating costs 		
included in their rent have received		
an eviction notice?		\boxtimes
 Must heating/cooling be medically 		
necessary?	\ge	
Must the household have non-		
working heating or cooling		
equipment?		\bowtie
• Other?		\bowtie
Do you have additional/differing eligibility policie	es for:	
Renters?		\bowtie
 Renters living in subsidized housing? 	\square	
• Renters with utilities included in the rent?	\square	

Explanations of policies for each "yes" checked above: Applicants that are residents of subsidized housing or residents of a dwelling unit where utilities are included in the rent must provide proof in the form of a utility bill that they are directly responsible for paying their own heating costs.

Applicants who have already exhausted their regular benefit will be considered for crisis assistance if the household has been disconnected from energy service, or the household heating oil is at 5% or less capacity. For the bulleted items following "In order to receive crisis assistance", any one of the checked "yes" bulleted items will be considered a qualifying event. If an applicant goes through the regular application process, is granted a benefit, and still has a need for crisis assistance, the crisis application is processed at the same visit.

Determination of Benefits

4.8 How do you handle crisis situations?

Separate component

Other – Describe:

Ordinarily a crisis application will be treated separately from a regular benefit application. However, see item 4.7, just above.

4.9 If you have a separate component, how do you determine crisis assistance benefits?



Amount to resolve crisis, up to a maximum of \$ 600 Other

Crisis Requirements, 2604(c)

4.10 Do you accept applications for energy crisis assistance at sites that are geographically accessible to all households in the area to be served?



Explain. DOEE accepts applications for energy crisis assistance at sites that are geographically accessible to all households in the area to be served.

4.11 Do you provide individuals who are physically disabled the means to:

Submit applications for crisis benefits without leaving their homes?

🔀 Yes

No If No, explain.

Travel to the sites at which applications for crisis assistance are accepted?

No If No, explain. Yes

All LIHEAP applicants schedule appointments through the District of Columbia's 3-1-1 information call line. When calling 3-1-1, physically disabled applicants may request a home visit to complete the application process. 3-1-1 call operators forward all home visit requests to LIHEAP staff and LIHEAP staff contacts the applicant within 24 hours or the next business day to make arrangements for the home visit.

Benefit Levels, 2605(c)(1)(B)

4.12 Indicate the maximum benefit for each type of crisis assistance offered.

Winter Crisis	\$ <u>600</u>	_ maximum benefit
Summer Crisis	\$ <u>600</u>	_ maximum benefit
Year-round Crisis	\$ <u>600</u>	_ maximum benefit

4.13 Do you provide in-kind (e.g. blankets, space heaters, fans) and/or other forms of benefits?

X Yes No If yes, describe: Subject to available funding, DOEE provides in-kind crisis assistance in the form of electric space heaters, blankets, box fans, and/or weatherization kits.

4.14 Do you provide for equipment repair or replacement using crisis funds?

🗌 Yes 🛛 🖂 No

4.15 Check appropriate boxes below to indicate type(s) of assistance provided:

	Winter Crisis	Summer Crisis	Year-round Crisis
Heating system repair			
Heating system replacement			
Cooling system repair			
Cooling system replacement			
Wood stove purchase			
Pellet stove purchase			
Solar panel(s)			
Utility poles / Gas line hook-ups			
Other (Specify):			

4.16 Do any of the utility vendors you work with enforce a winter moratorium on shut offs?

🗌 Yes 🛛 🕅 No

The utility vendors for the District of Columbia do not enforce a winter moratorium on shut-offs. However, under Chapter 3 of Title 15 of the District of Columbia Municipal Regulations, commonly referred to as the District of Columbia's Public Service Commission (PSC) "Consumer Bill of Rights" or "CBOR", disconnections of PSC-regulated natural gas and electric utility service are prohibited for most District residences "(a)[o]n any day the National Weather Service forecast for the following 24 hours for the District of Columbia forecasts that the temperature will be thirty-two (32°) degrees Fahrenheit or below; or (b) [o]n any day preceding a holiday or a weekend when the National Weather Service forecast indicated [sic] that the temperature will be thirty-two (32°) degrees Fahrenheit or below during the holiday or weekend." 15 DCMR §310.3.

Another PSC regulation requires that utility disconnections are postponed for a period not to exceed twenty-one (21) days for health and safety concerns in accordance with 15 DCMR §311.1.

If you responded "Yes" to question 4.16, you must respond to question 4.17.

4.17 Describe the terms of the moratorium and any special dispensation received by LIHEAP clients during or after the moratorium period.

See the text in 4.16. There is no special dispensation for LIHEAP clients.

If any of the above questions require further explanation or clarification that could not be made in the fields provided, attach a document with said explanation here.

Section 5	- WEATH	ERIZATION	ASSISTANCE
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Eligibility, 2605(c)(1)(A), 2605(b)(2) – Assurance 2

5.1	Designate the income eligibility threshold used for the weatherization component:
	2015 HHS poverty income level%
	OR
	State's median income <u>60%</u>
5.2	Do you enter into an interagency agreement to have another government agency administer a <u>WEATHERIZATION component</u> ? Yes No
5.3	Name the agency
5.4	Is there a separate monitoring protocol for weatherization?
	Yes No
WEA	THERIZATION - Types of Rules
5.5	Under what rules do you administer LIHEAP weatherization? (Check only one.)
	L Entirely under LIHEAP (not DOE) rules
	Entirely under DOE WAP (not LIHEAP) rules
	Mostly under LIHEAP rules with the following DOE WAP rule(s) where LIHEAP and WAP rules differ: (Check all that apply.)
	Income Threshold
	Weatherization of entire multi-family housing structure is permitted if at least 66% of units (50% in 2- & 4-unit buildings) are eligible units or will become eligible within 180 days.
	Weatherization of shelters temporarily housing primarily low income persons (excluding nursing homes, prisons, and similar institutional care facilities) is permitted.
	Other (describe)
	Mostly under DOE WAP rules, with the following LIHEAP rule(s) where LIHEAP and WAP rules differ: (Check all that apply.)
	Income Threshold
	Weatherization not subject to DOE WAP maximum statewide average cost per dwelling unit.

Weatherization measures are not subject to DOE Savings to Investment Ratio (SIR) standards.

V - -

N I -

Other (describe)

Eligibility, 2605(b)(5) – Assurance 5

		res	INO
5.6	Do you require an assets test?		\bowtie
5.7	Do you have additional/differing eligibility policies for:		
	Renters?Renters living in subsidized housing?	\boxtimes	
5.8	Do you give priority in eligibility to:		
	• Elderly?		\square
	Disabled?		\square
	• Young children?		\boxtimes
	 Households with high energy burdens? 		\boxtimes
	• Other?		\square

If you selected "Yes" for any of the options in questions 5.6, 5.7, or 5.8, you must provide further explanation of these policies in the text field below.

LIHEAP weatherization applicants who are renters must submit a signed permission agreement from the owner of the dwelling unit to DOEE in order to proceed with weatherization work. For multifamily buildings, 66% or more of the dwelling units in the building must be occupied by eligible residents in order to be considered for the LIHEAP weatherization program.

5.9 Do you have a maximum LIHEAP weatherization benefit/expenditure per household?

🛛 Yes 🗌 No

5.10 What is the maximum amount? \$ 6,904

Types of Assistance, 2605(c)(1), (B) & (D)

- 5.11 What LIHEAP weatherization measures do you provide? (Check all categories that apply.)
 - Weatherization needs assessments/audits
 - Caulking and insulation
 - Install storm windows

- Heating system repairs
- Heating system replacement
- Cooling system repairs
- Cooling system replacement
- Energy related roof repair
- Major appliance repairs
- Major appliance replacement
- Install windows/sliding glass doors
- Install doors (interior/exterior)
- Install water heater
- Water conservation measures
- Compact florescent light bulbs
- Other (describe)

Section 6 - Outreach	, 2605(b)(3) – Assurance	3, 2605(c)(3)(A)
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6.1	Select all outreach activities that you conduct that are designed to assure that eligible households are made aware of all LIHEAP assistance available:
	Place posters/flyers in local and county social service offices, offices of aging, Social Security offices, VA, etc.
	Publish articles in local newspapers or broadcast media announcements.
	Include inserts in energy vendor billings to inform individuals of the availability of all types of LIHEAP assistance.
	🔀 Mass mailing(s) to prior-year LIHEAP recipients.
	Inform low income applicants of the availability of all types of LIHEAP assistance at application intake for other low-income programs.
	Execute interagency agreements with other low-income program offices to perform outreach to target groups.
	Other (specify):
	LIHEAP staff regularly conducts targeted outreach in coordination with DOEE's Public Information Office. Staff visits Advisory Neighborhood Commission meetings, senior citizen housing complexes and other local organizations to present program information for the upcoming fiscal year. DOEE's annual mass mailing for the District's Utility Discount

Program (UDP) includes information about LIHEAP assistance.

Section 7 - Coordination, 2605(b)(4) – Assurance 4

7.1 Describe how you will ensure that the LIHEAP program is coordinated with other programs available to low-income households (TANF, SSI, WAP, etc.)

- Joint application for multiple programs
- Intake referrals to/from other programs

One-stop intake centers

Other – describe:

The District of Columbia's LIHEAP and the Utility Discount Programs (Residential Aid Discount, Residential Essential Services, and Customer Assistance Program) employ a joint application in order to coordinate energy-related services for low income residents. The District's LIHEAP intake Energy Centers are located in the same building as the District of Columbia's intake offices for the Department of Human Services (DHS), the agency that administers the District's Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), and Medicaid programs.

SNAP recipient households are eligible to receive an annual Heat and Eat benefit of \$20.01 based on their residential energy use and affordability threshold, as determined by DHS. SNAP is funded by District local funds.

Section 8 - Agency Designation, 2605(b)(6) – Assurance 6

8.1 How would you categorize the primary responsibility of your State agency?

- Administration Agency
- Commerce Agency
- Community Services Agency
- Energy/Environment Agency
- Housing Agency
- Welfare Agency
- Other describe:

Alternate Outreach and Intake, 2605(b)(15) – Assurance 15

8.2 How do you provide alternate outreach and intake for HEATING ASSISTANCE?

Intake for heating assistance is only provided by DOEE staff. When LIHEAP funding is exhausted in July and August, DOEE staff conducts targeted outreach and client intake for heating assistance at sites throughout the District of Columbia.

8.3 How do you provide alternate outreach and intake for COOLING ASSISTANCE?

Intake for cooling assistance is only provided by DOEE staff. When LIHEAP funding is exhausted in July and August, DOEE staff conducts targeted outreach and client intake for heating assistance at sites throughout the District of Columbia.

8.4 How do you provide alternate outreach and intake for CRISIS ASSISTANCE?

DOEE does not provide outreach specific to crisis assistance. However, crisis assistance outreach is incorporated into the heating and cooling assistance outreach identified in items 8.2 and 8.3, above.

8.5 LIHEAP Component Administration.

	<u>Heating</u>	<u>Cooling</u>	<u>Crisis</u>	Weatherization
a. Who determines client	<u>State</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>State</u>
eligibility?	Administration	Administration	<u>Administrati</u>	<u>Administration</u>
U	<u>Agency</u>	<u>Agency</u>	<u>on Agency</u>	<u>Agency</u>
b. Who processes benefit	<u>State</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>State</u>	
payments to gas and electric	Administration	Administration	<u>Administrati</u>	
vendors?	<u>Agency</u>	<u>Agency</u>	<u>on Agency</u>	
c. Who processes benefit	<u>State</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>State</u>	
payments to bulk fuel	Administration	Administration	<u>Administrati</u>	
vendors?	<u>Agency</u>	<u>Agency</u>	<u>on Agency</u>	
d. Who performs installation				Non-profits
of weatherization measures?				

If any of your LIHEAP components are not centrally-administered by a state agency, you must complete questions 8.6, 8.7, 8.8, and, if applicable, 8.9.

8.6 What is your process for selecting local administering agencies?

N/A

- 8.7 How many local administering agencies do you use?
- N/A
- 8.8 Have you changed any local administering agencies from last year?
 - 🗌 Yes 🛛 No

8.9 If so, why?

- Agency was in noncompliance with grantee requirements for LIHEAP
- Agency is under criminal investigation
- Added agency
- Agency closed
- Other describe

Section 9 - Energy Suppliers, 2605(b)(7) – Assurance 7

9.1 Do you make payments directly to home energy suppliers?

Heating	🔀 Yes 🗌	No
Cooling	🔀 Yes 🗌	No
Crisis	🔀 Yes 🗌	No
Are there exceptions?	🗌 Yes 🔀	No

If yes, describe: Payments are made by DOEE directly to the home energy suppliers within 30 business days of the approval of assistance.

9.2 How do you notify the client of the amount of assistance paid?

At the conclusion of the intake process clients are provided with a written notice that states the exact amount of assistance that will be paid towards their utility bill and the name of the payee. All payments are made directly to the energy supplier.

9.3 How do you assure that the home energy supplier will charge the eligible household, in the normal billing process, the difference between the actual cost of the home energy and the amount of the payment?

Vendor agreements are executed annually with each energy and oil company that supplies electric, natural gas or oil service to District residents. The agreements incorporate this assurance.

9.4 How do you assure that no household receiving assistance under this title will be treated adversely because of their receipt of LIHEAP assistance?

Vendor agreements are executed annually with each energy and oil company that supplies electric, natural gas or oil service to District residents. The agreements incorporate this assurance.

9.5 Do you make payments contingent on unregulated vendors taking appropriate measures to alleviate the energy burdens of eligible households?

Yes X No. If so, describe the measures unregulated vendors may take.

Section 10 - Program, Fiscal Monitoring, and Audit, 2605(b)(10) – Assurance 10

10.1 How do you ensure good fiscal accounting and tracking of LIHEAP funds?

Federally accepted accounting practices and fiscal controls are used to track administrative and benefit expenditures. Authorized funding is assigned budgetary codes by funding type for tracking, monitoring, and compliance purposes. The LIHEAP program is also subject to District of Columbia internal audits.

Audit Process

10.2 Is your LIHEAP program audited annually under the Single Audit Act and OMB Circular A-133?

Yes No

10.3 Describe any audit findings rising to the level of material weakness or reportable condition cited in the A-133 audits, Grantee monitoring assessments, inspector general reviews, or other government agency reviews of the LIHEAP agency from the most recently audited federal fiscal year.

Finding	Туре	Brief Summary	Resolved?	Action Taken
1	Monitoring	The findings	Yes	Procedure/policy
		stated that 16 of		changes
		the 64 files		
		selected for audit		
		purposes were		
		missing		
		documentation		
		to support		
		eligibility		
		certification.		
2				
3				
4				
5				

10.4 Audits of Local Administering Agencies

What types of annual audit requirements do you have in place for local administering agencies/district offices? N/A

	Local agencies/district offices are required to have an annual audit in compliance with the Single Audit Act and OMB Circular A-133.
	Local agencies/district offices are required to have an annual audit (other than A- 133).
	Local agencies/district offices' A-133 or other independent audits are reviewed by Grantee as part of compliance process.
	Grantee conducts fiscal and program monitoring of local agencies/district offices.
Comp	pliance Monitoring
10.5	Describe the Grantee's strategies for monitoring compliance with the Grantee's and Federal LIHEAP policies and procedures. Select all that apply:
	Grantee employees:
	 Internal program review Departmental oversight Secondary review of invoices and payments Other program review mechanisms are in place. Describe:
	Local Administering Agencies/District Offices:
	 On-site evaluation Annual program review Monitoring through central database Desk reviews Client File Testing/Sampling Other program review mechanisms are in place. Describe:
10.6	Explain, or attach a copy of, your local agency monitoring schedule and protocol.
	N/A
10.7	Describe how you select local agencies for monitoring reviews? N/A
	Site Visits:
	Desk Reviews:
10.8	How often is each local agency monitored? N/A
10.9	What is the combined error rate for eligibility determinations? OPTIONAL
	N/A
10.10	What is the combined error rate for benefit determinations? OPTIONAL
	N/A
10.11	How many local agencies are currently on corrective action plans for eligibility and/or benefit determination issues?
	N/A

- 10.12 How many local agencies are currently on corrective action plans for financial accounting or administrative issues?
 - N/A

Section 11 - Timely and Meaningful Public Participation, 2605(b)(12), 2605(c)(2)

11.1 How did you obtain input from the public in the development of your LIHEAP plan?

Select all that apply:

- Tribal Council meeting(s)
- Public Hearing(s)
- igtriangleup Draft Plan posted to website and available for comment
- Hard copy of plan is available for public view and comment
- Comments from applicants are recorded
- Request for comments on draft Plan is advertised
- Stakeholder consultation meeting(s)
- Comments are solicited during outreach activities
- Other, describe: *Posted a DOEE email address for receipt of comments*.

11.2 What changes did you make to your LIHEAP plan as a result of this participation?

In developing the draft and final State Plans, DOEE considers all public comments, both written and oral, on the program.

Public Hearings, 2605(a)(2)

11.3 List the date and location(s) that you held public hearing(s) on the proposed use and the distribution of your LIHEAP funds?

Date	Event Description	
August 19, 2015	Public Hearing at DOEE office	

11.4 How many parties commented on your plan at the hearing(s)? 1

11.5 Summarize the comments you received at the hearing(s).

As noted in Section 11.4, one party attended the public hearing. This party provided positive comments that are recorded in the transcript. The full transcript will be submitted with this application.

11.6 What changes did you make to your LIHEAP plan as a result of the public hearing(s)?

DOEE considers all written and oral comments when developing the LIHEAP state plan. If further changes are adopted, the LIHEAP plan will be amended.

Section 12 - Fair Hearings, 2605(b)(13) – Assurance 13

12.1 How many fair hearings did the grantee have in the prior Federal fiscal year?

None.

12.2 How many of those fair hearings resulted in the initial decision being reversed?

N/A

12.3 Describe any policy and/or procedural changes made in the last Federal fiscal year as a result of fair hearings?

One administrative appeal was filed in FY 15. The grantee withdrew the appeal prior to hearing, and without a change in the agency decision. No policy and/or procedural changes were made in the last fiscal year as a result of hearings.

12.4 Describe your fair hearing procedures for households whose applications are denied.

The District of Columbia's independent Office of Administrative Hearings (OAH) conducts hearings and resolves cases involving various programs administered by District agencies, including decisions concerning DOEE's LIHEAP non-entitlement benefit. See, generally, the District of Columbia's Municipal Regulations, 1 DCMR §§ 2970 -78.

An applicant, who is dissatisfied with a DOEE LIHEAP decision, including the denial of an application for a benefit, may follow the cited appeal procedures., 1 DCMR 2970.1(I)). An independent OAH administrative law judge issues a written decision for every case that is contested.

12.5 When and how are applicants informed of these rights?

Every applicant for LIHEAP assistance receives at the conclusion of the intake and the processing of their application: (a) a letter confirming the decision, (b) a printout of the database information on which the decision was based, (c) a copy of the matrix used to determine benefit level with a user key, and (d) detailed instructions on how to file an appeal if the applicant is dissatisfied with the decision. (See attached.) If the application was made at a DOEE office, these materials are provided to the applicant in person. If the application was taken at a home, as with a disabled or an elderly and frail person, DOEE mails the materials to the applicant promptly after the decision is made.

12.6 Describe your fair hearing procedures for households whose applications are not acted on in a timely manner.

Hearings are held before an administrative law judge at the independent Office of Administrative Hearings.

12.7 When and how are applicants informed of these rights?

Every applicant for LIHEAP assistance receives at the conclusion of the intake and the processing of their application (a) a letter confirming the decision, (b) a printout of the database information on which the decision was based, (c) a copy of the matrix used to

determine benefit level with a user key, and (d) detailed instructions on how to appeal if the applicant is dissatisfied with the decision. (See attached.)

Section 13 - Reduction of home energy needs, 2605(b)(16) – Assurance 16

13.1 Describe how you use LIHEAP funds to provide services that encourage and enable households to reduce their home energy needs and thereby the need for energy assistance?

Up to five (5) percent of awarded funds are used to conduct educational workshops to educate participants on how to identify energy waste, increase energy efficiency, and to understand and read their utility bills. Educational workshops are conducted to assist clients in reducing their energy costs. For LIHEAP weatherization cases, DOEE's energy auditor explains his findings to the LIHEAP household members.

13.2 How do you ensure that you don't use more than 5% of your LIHEAP funds for these activities?

A separate line item budget is established for the funds that are used for this purpose. The funds are assigned an index number and tracked and monitored on a monthly basis to assure compliance with funding guidelines. The LIHEAP weatherization work is accounted for separately, as well.

13.3 Describe the impact of such activities on the number of households served in the previous Federal fiscal year.

In the first quarter of fiscal year 2016 an analysis will be conducted on households served by LIHEAP in fiscal year 2015. This analysis will determine the energy burden reduction of households receiving energy benefit assistance in fiscal year 2015 by analyzing annual energy usage, annual income, and the amount of energy assistance received. Results will be reported in January 2016.

13.4 Describe the level of direct benefits provided to those households in the previous Federal fiscal year.

For the period from October 1, 2014 to August 25, 2015, \$13,374,056 direct LIHEAP benefits were approved.

13.5 How many households applied for these services?

For the period from October 1, 2014 to August 25, 2015, 21,303 District households applied for LIHEAP assistance.

13.6 How many households received these services?

For the period from October 1, 2014 to August 25, 2015, 20,785 District households were approved for LIHEAP assistance.

Section 14 - Leveraging Incentive Program, 2607A

- 14.1 Do you plan to submit an application for the leveraging incentive program?
 - Yes No
- **14.2** Describe instructions to the third parties and/or local agencies for submitting LIHEAP leveraging resource information and retaining records.
- 14.3 For each type of resource and/or benefit to be leveraged in the upcoming year that will meet the requirements of 45 C.F.R. § 96.87(d)(2)(iii), describe the following:

What is the type of resource or benefit?	What is the source(s) of the resource?	How will the resource be integrated and coordinated with the LIHEAP program?

Section 15 – Training

15.1 Describe the training you provide for each of the following groups:

a. Grantee Staff:

Formal training on grantee policies and procedures. How often?
 Annually
 Biannually
 As needed
 Other – Describe:
 Employees are provided with policy manual
 Other – Describe: DOEE sends some LIHEAP staff members to at least one annual meeting or training held by the National Utility and Energy Affordability Coalition

b. Local Agencies:

(NEUAC).

	Formal training conference. How often?
	Annually
	Biannually
	As needed
	Other – Describe: N/A
	On-site training. How often?
	Annually
	Biannually
	As needed
	Other – Describe: N/A
	Employees are provided with policy manual
	Other – Describe: Not applicable as DOEE is the agency of administration.
	c. Vendors
	Formal training conference. How often?
	Annually
	Biannually
	As needed
	Other – Describe:
	Policies communicated through vendor agreements
	Policies are outlined in a vendor manual
	Other – Describe:
15.2	Does your training program address fraud reporting and prevention?
	Yes No

Section 16 - Performance Goals and Measures, 2605(b) – Required for States Only

16.1 Describe your progress toward meeting the data collection and reporting requirements of the four required LIHEAP performance measures. Include timeframes and plans for meeting these requirements and what you believe will be accomplished in the coming federal fiscal year.

DOEE has begun the process of meeting the data collection and reporting requirements of the required LIHEAP performance measures. This process includes incorporating language into our vendor agreements regarding tracking performance measures and data collection.

Section 17 - Program Integrity, 2605(b)(10)

17.1 Fraud Reporting Mechanisms

- a. Describe all mechanisms available to the public for reporting cases of suspected waste, fraud, and abuse.
 - Online Fraud Reporting
 - Dedicated Fraud Reporting Hotline
 - Report directly to local agency/district office or Grantee office
 - Report to State Inspector General or Attorney General
 - Forms and procedures in place for local agencies/district offices and vendors to report fraud, waste, and abuse.

Other – describe:

b. Describe strategies in place for advertising the above-referenced resources. Select all that apply

Printed outreach materials

- Addressed on LIHEAP application
- Website

 \boxtimes Other – describe: LIHEAP literature contains information on reporting fraud,

waste, and abuse.

17.2 Identification Documentation Requirements

a. Indicate which of the following forms of identification are required or requested to be collected from LIHEAP applicants or their household members.

Type of Identification	Collected from Whom?					
Type of Identification Collected	Applicant		All Adults in		All Household	
Collected	Only		Household		Members	
Social Security Card is	Required		Required		Required	\boxtimes
photocopied and retained						
Social Security Number	Required		Required		Required	\boxtimes
(without actual card)						
Government-issued	Required	\square	Required		Required	
identification card (i.e.:	nequirea		nequirea		nequireu	
driver's license, state ID,						
Tribal ID, passport, etc.)						
Other:	Required		Required		Required	

b. Describe any exceptions to the above policies:

17.3 Identification Verification

Describe what methods are used to verify the authenticity of identification documents provided by clients or household members. Select all that apply.

- Verify SSNs with Social Security Administration
- Match SSNs with death records from Social Security Administration or state agency
- Match SSNs with state eligibility/management system (e.g., SNAP, TANF)
- Match with state Department of Labor system
- Match with state and/or federal corrections system
- Match with state child support system
- Verification using private software (e.g., The Work Number)
- In-person certification by staff (for tribal grantees only)
 - Match SSN/Tribal ID number with tribal database or enrollment records (for tribal grantees only)
- Other describe:

17.4 Citizenship/Legal Residency Verification

What are your procedures for ensuring that household members are U.S. citizens or aliens who are qualified to receive LIHEAP benefits?

- Clients sign an attestation of citizenship or legal residency
- Clients' submission of Social Security cards is accepted as proof of legal residency Noncitizens must provide documentation of immigration status
 - Citizens must provide a copy of their birth certificate, naturalization papers, or passport
 - Noncitizens are verified through the SAVE system
- Tribal members are verified through Tribal database/Tribal ID card

Other – describe: An eligible household member is any individual who is a U.S. citizen or "qualified alien" and is a member of a household that meets the eligibility requirements specified in Section 2605(b)(2) of the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. § 8624(b)(2)). A "qualified alien" is defined at 8 U.S.C. § 1641(b).

17.5 Income Verification

What methods does your agency utilize to verify household income? Select all that apply.

Require documentation of income for all adult household members

Pay stubs

- Social Security award letters
- Bank statements
- Tax statements
- Zero-income statements
- Unemployment insurance letters

Other – describe: Documentation of all countable forms of income selected in

Section 1.9, above.

Computer data matches:

Income information matched against state computer system (e.g., SNAP, TANF)

Proof of unemployment benefits verified with state Department of Labor
 Social Security income verified with SSA

Social Security income verified with S

Utilize state directory of new hires

Other – describe:

17.6 Protection of Privacy and Confidentiality

Describe the financial and operating controls in place to protect client information against improper use or disclosure.

	Policy in place prohibiting release of information without written consent
	🔀 Grantee LIHEAP database includes privacy/confidentiality safeguards
	🔀 Employee training on confidentiality for:
	🔀 Grantee employees
	Local agencies/district offices
	🔀 Employees must sign confidentiality agreement
	🖂 Grantee employees
	Local agencies/district offices
	Physical files are stored in a secure location
	Other – describe:
17.7	Verifying the Authenticity of Energy Vendors
	What policies are in place for verifying vendor authenticity? Select all that apply.

- All vendors must register with the State/Tribe
- \boxtimes All vendors must supply a valid SSN or TIN/W-9 form
 - Vendors are verified through energy bills provided by the household
- Grantee and/or local agencies/district offices perform physical monitoring of vendors

Other – describe and note any exceptions to policies above:

17.8 Benefits Policy – Gas and Electric Utilities

What policies are in place to protect against fraud when making benefit payments to gas and electric utilities on behalf of clients? Select all that apply.

- Applicants required to submit proof of physical residency
- Applicants must submit current utility bill
- Data exchange with utilities that verifies:
 - Account ownership
 - Consumption
 - Balances
 - Payment history
 - Account is properly credited with benefit

	Other – describe:
\boxtimes	Centralized computer system/database tracks payments to all utilities
\boxtimes	Centralized computer system automatically generates benefit level
	Separation of duties between intake and payment approval
	Payments coordinated among other heating assistance programs to avoid duplication of payments
\boxtimes	Payments to utilities and invoices from utilities are reviewed for accuracy
	Computer databases are periodically reviewed to verify accuracy and timeliness of payments made to utilities
	Direct payment to households are made in limited cases only
	Procedures are in place to require prompt refunds from utilities in cases of account closure
\square	Vendor agreements specify requirements selected above, and provide enforcement
	mechanism
	Other – describe:
17.9 Benef	fits Policy — Bulk Fuel Vendors
with l	procedures are in place for averting fraud and improper payments when dealing bulk fuel suppliers of heating oil, propane, wood, and other bulk fuel vendors? t all the apply.
\boxtimes	Vendors are checked against an approved vendors list
\boxtimes	Centralized computer system/database is used to track payments to all vendors
\boxtimes	Clients are relied on for reports of non-delivery or partial delivery
	Two-party checks are issued naming client and vendor
	Direct payment to households are made in limited cases only
	Vendors are only paid once they provide a delivery receipt signed by the client

- Conduct monitoring of bulk fuel vendors
- Bulk fuel vendors are required to submit reports to the Grantee
 - Vendor agreements specify requirements selected above, and provide enforcement mechanism
- Other describe:

17.10 Investigations and Prosecutions

Describe the Grantee's procedures for investigating and prosecuting reports of fraud, and any sanctions placed on clients/staff/vendors found to have committed fraud.

- Refer to state Inspector General
 - Refer to local prosecutor or state Attorney General
- 🛛 Refer to US DHHS Inspector General (including referral to OIG hotline)
- Local agencies/district offices or Grantee conduct investigation of fraud complaints from public

Grantee attempts collection of improper payments. If so, describe the recoupment process.

Clients found to have committed fraud are banned from LIHEAP assistance. For how
long is a household banned?
Contracts with local agencies require that employees found to have committed
fraud are reprimanded and/or terminated

Vendors found to have committed fraud may no longer participate in LIHEAP
 Other — describes: