CLEARING THE AIR

Effective Public Participation in the Air Permitting Process

Clearing the Air Workshop #1: April 27, 2021





Air Quality Program

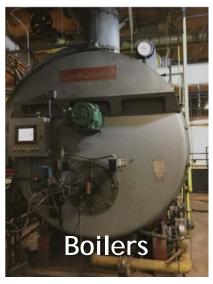


What is an Air Quality Permit?

An air quality permit is:

- An approval to emit a limited amount of air pollution from a facility or piece of equipment.
- It is issued to the owner or operator of the facility or equipment.
- The approval is conditional upon the owner or operator complying with all applicable air quality laws and regulations.
- The applicable laws and regulations are laid out in the permit.

What Do We Permit?













And many more...



Characteristics of an Air Quality Permit

Permits must be "Enforceable as a Practical Matter".

Air quality permits lay out all applicable regulatory requirements in the document, including:

- Emission Limits
- Operational Limits
- Monitoring and Record Keeping Requirements
- Reporting and Notification Requirements

Types of Sources

Major Title V Sources (45)



- Universities
- Military Bases
- Asphalt Plants
- Hospitals

- Government Facilities
- Large Boiler
 Plants

Minor Sources (100s or 1000s)



- Boilers
- Generators
- Crushers
- Printing Presses

- Concrete Plants
- Auto Body Shops
- Dry Cleaners
 - Metal Plating



Types of Permits

- Preconstruction Review and Minor Source Operating Permits (known as Chapter 2 permits)
 - Standard Chapter 2 permits (30-day public notice)
 - Source Category Approvals (coverage by already issued standardized/general permit.
- Synthetic Minor Permits
- Major Source Permits (known as Title V permits)
 - These are facility-wide permits that cover all equipment at the facility.

Permitting Process Overview

- Air Quality Division (AQD) receives application.
- Application reviewed, issues discussed with applicant, and draft permit developed.
- Draft permit published for 30-day public comment period.
- Comments addressed in comment response document and possibly permit modifications.
- Final decision on application.

Public Comment Period

- ▶ 30 days
- Published on Friday on D.C. Register schedule
- Published in D.C. Register and on DOEE website (https://doee.dc.gov/service/public-noticeshearings)
- If DOEE knows someone is interested in a particular project, we typically notify them as well.

Documents Available for Comment

- Published on website:
 - Draft permit
 - Technical support memorandum
- Also available:
 - Application
 - Any other documents relied upon to make preliminary determination.

Public Hearings

- Not typically automatically scheduled.
- Can be requested during any comment period.
- When scheduled, at least 30 days advance notice provided.
- For permits DOEE thinks might generate public interest, a hearing may be scheduled at the time of the initial public notice. Typically, they are scheduled for the last day of the public comment period.

Submitting Comments

- Comments can be submitted by:
 - 。Email
 - Postal Mail/Delivery Service
 - Verbal Testimony at Public Hearing

The public notice provides instructions on how to submit comment and request hearings.

Effective Comments

- Effective comments <u>are</u>:
 - Air-quality related
 - Show familiarity with proposal and draft permit
 - Specific
 - Include suggestions as to how the issue of concern can be resolved

Effective Comments

- ▶ Effective comments are not:
 - General dissatisfaction with the existence of a facility or piece of equipment.
 - Non-air quality issues (traffic, noise, aesthetics).
 - Large numbers of identical form comments.

Limitations on DOEE Authority

- Most permits are approved in some form.
- DOEE generally must approve a permit where the facility demonstrates that they will be able to comply with all air quality regulations.
- DOEE cannot deny a permit based on public opposition, but rather only if the proposed project/operation will not comply with one or more laws or regulations.

Goal of Air Quality Permitting Program

- Issue permits that:
 - Are protective of public health and the environment;
 - Contain all regulatory and legal requirements applicable to the facility or process; and
 - Include compliance methods that the facility can reasonably comply with.

Effective Public Participation in the Air Permitting Process

Questions?

