

**GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA  
Department of Health Care Finance**



Office of the Senior Deputy Director/Medicaid Director

**Transmittal # 19-24**

**TO:** DC Medicaid Pediatric Providers

**FROM:** Melisa Byrd   
Senior Deputy Director/State Medicaid Director

**DATE:** October 24, 2019

**SUBJECT: DHCF and DOEE Joint Letter Regarding Lead Poisoning Prevention Week**

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The purpose of this transmittal is to inform DC Medicaid Pediatric Providers on the District's blood lead screening requirements. The Department of Health Care Finance and the Department of Energy and Environment jointly issue the attached letter. Please share with your staff and colleagues.

If you have questions about this letter, please contact Colleen Sonosky, Associate Director of DHCF's Division of Children's Health Services at (202) 442-5913, or Lisa Gilmore, Branch Chief of DOEE's Lead and Healthy Housing Division at (202) 535-2624.

Attachment *a/s*

cc: Medical Society of the District of Columbia  
DC Hospital Association  
DC Primary Care Association  
DC Health Care Association  
DC Home Care Association  
DC Behavioral Health Association  
DC Coalition of Disability Service Providers  
DC Chapter American Academy of Pediatrics

**GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA**  
Department of Energy and Environment  
Department of Health Care Finance



**TO ALL PEDIATRICIANS, FAMILY PRACTITIONERS, HEALTH CLINICS, AND  
MANAGED CARE ORGANIZATIONS SERVING DC MEDICAID BENEFICIARIES**

**Re: Required Lead Screenings**

Dear Health Care Provider:

For Children's Health Month and National Lead Poisoning Prevention Week (October 20–26, 2019), the Department of Energy and Environment (DOEE) and the Department of Health Care Finance (DHCF) are writing to remind you of your legal obligation to perform blood lead level (BLL) screening as part of a well-child visit for all children you serve in the District of Columbia, as outlined below. To review your full responsibilities under the lead screening and reporting law, visit: <http://www.dcregs.dc.gov/Gateway/ChapterHome.aspx?ChapterNumber=22-B73>.

**Screening Requirements**

District law requires that every child who resides in the District of Columbia receive a BLL screening test between 6 months and 14 months of age and another BLL screening test between 22 months and 26 months of age, unless an identical test has already been performed in the previous 12 months. Missed opportunities in well-child visits to screen “Every Child, Twice by Two” leave children in the District at risk for serious and irreversible harm from lead exposure. In addition, if a child over 26 months of age has not been tested, the law requires BLL testing at least twice before the child is six years of age.

District law also requires you to screen for lead when a child is at risk for high-dose lead exposure. Risk indicators include living in or frequently visiting deteriorated or renovated housing built before 1978, which by District law is presumed to include lead-based paint; having a household member who may be exposed to lead at work; or having neurological, behavioral, developmental, or other symptoms consistent with lead exposure.

**Reporting Requirements**

For laboratories, including health care facilities that use point-of-care devices, District law requires reporting all BLL test results to DOEE within a week. Reports should include venous and capillary BLLs. District law also requires laboratories to report children with an elevated BLL at or above 10 micrograms of lead per deciliter of blood ( $\mu\text{g}/\text{dL}$ ) **immediately** to DOEE.

For pediatric providers and health care facilities that receive laboratory reports indicating an elevated BLL in a child, District law requires you to inform DOEE within 72 hours. To allow DOEE to take prompt action through case management and risk mitigation for all elevated BLLs, laboratories, providers, and facilities are also asked to **report BLL results at or above 5  $\mu\text{g}/\text{dL}$  to DOEE immediately**. To report an elevated BLL, **fax the result to DOEE's secure fax line at (202) 535-2607 or call DOEE at (202) 481-3837.**

## Follow-up Testing and Case Management

When a child has an elevated blood lead level, you are legally obligated to provide follow-up BLL testing, treatment, and care. Required care includes case management, such as family education, developmental screening, and referrals for social and environmental services. Under Medicaid's Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic and Treatment (EPSDT) benefit, you are also responsible for providing anticipatory guidance to pregnant women, parents/guardians, and their families about the protective steps they can take to prevent lead exposure. Avoiding even the smallest exposure to lead is critical, since there is no known safe level of exposure. Visit <http://doee.dc.gov/node/613342> for helpful guidance you can share with those you serve.

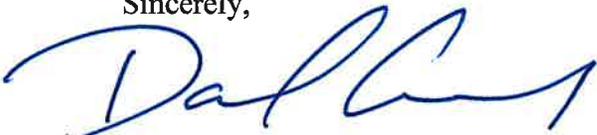
## School Health Requirements

The updated District of Columbia Universal Health Certificate (UHC) now requires documentation by providers of the two BLL screening test results for children less than six years of age. The UHC must be submitted annually for all children enrolled in child development facilities, Head Start, and public, public charter, private and parochial schools in the District of Columbia. The UHC is available at <https://dcps.dc.gov/page/school-health-requirements>.

For questions about lead screening requirements, please contact Colleen Sonosky, Associate Director of DHCF's Division of Children's Health Services, at (202) 442-5913, or Lisa Gilmore, Chief of DOEE's Lead-Safe and Healthy Housing Branch, at (202) 535-2624.

Thank you for all that you continue to do to protect children's health in our nation's capital.

Sincerely,



Tommy Wells, Director  
Department of Energy and Environment

For



Wayne Turnage, Director  
Department of Health Care Finance